

NL-2.3-125-59

Nonlinear photonic crystal fiber

DESCRIPTION

Non-linear photonic crystal fibers guide light in a small silica core, surrounded by a high air filling ratio microstructured

The optical properties of the core closely resemble those of a rod of glass suspended in air, resulting in strong confinement of the light and, correspondingly, a large nonlinear coefficient. By selecting the appropriate core diameter, the zero dispersion wavelength can be chosen over a wide range in the visible and near infrared spectrum, making these fibers particularly suited to supercontinuum generation with Ti:Sapphire or diodepumped

Nd3+-laser sources. The fiber is able to be spliced to standard single mode fiber or endlessly single mode fiber.

ADVANTAGES

High Nonlinear coefficients, up to 40 $\,\mathrm{W}^{-1}km^{-1}$ at 1550nm

Single material

Spliceable to standard single mode

Zero dispersion wavelengths are to be adjusted Zero dispersion wavelengths from 670-900 nm available

Near-Gaussian mode profile

APPLICATIONS

Supercontinuum generation for frequency metrology, spectroscopy or optical coherence tomography Four-wave mixing and self-phase modulation for switching, pulse-forming and Wavelength conversion applications

OPTICAL PROPERTIES

Raman amplification

Zero dispersion wavelength: 800±50 nm

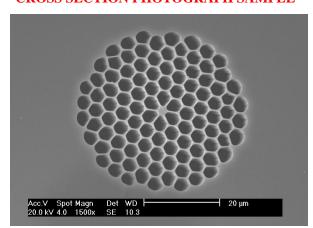
Dispersion@1550 nm: 127 ± 3 (ps/nm.km)

MFD@1550 nm: 2.3 \pm 0.2um Attenuation@1550 nm: <0.06(dB/m) nonlinear coefficient@1550 nm: >36W $^{-1}km^{-1}$

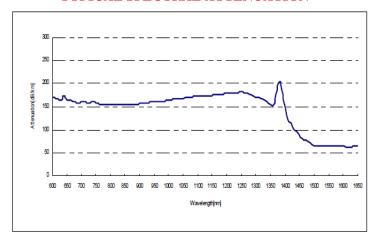
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Core material: pure silica
Core diameter: $2.2 \pm 0.2 \mu m$ Diameter of silica cladding: $125 \pm 2 \mu m$ Coating diameter (two layer): $245 \pm 7 \mu m$ Coating material: Acrylate

CROSS SECTION PHOTOGRAPH SAMPLE



TYPICAL SPECTRAL ATTENUATION



TYPICAL MEASURED DISPERSION

